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# **CONCEPTUAL PHYSICS**

Activity



36.2 Magnetism: Magnetic Fields

# SEEING MAGNETIC FIELDS

**Purpose** 

In this activity, you will explore the patterns of magnetic fields around bar magnets in various configurations.

## **Required Equipment and Supplies**

3 bar magnets

iron filings and paper or

a magnetic field projectual (iron filings suspended in oil encased in an acrylic envelope)

#### Discussion

A magnetic field is a kind of aura that surrounds magnets. Although it can't be seen directly, the overall shape of the field can be seen by the effect it has on iron filings.

### **Procedure**

Step 1: Place a bar magnet on a horizontal surface such as your tabletop. Use the iron filings to see the pattern of the magnetic field.

## Iron Filings and Paper Method

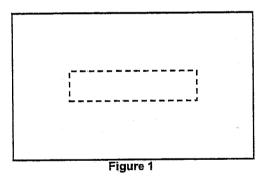
Cover the magnet or magnets with a sheet of paper. Then sprinkle iron filings on top of the paper. Jiggle the paper a little bit to help the iron filings find their way into the magnetic field pattern.

Projectual Method

Mix the iron filings by rotating the projectual. Use the glass rod inside the projectual to help stir the iron filings into a fairly even distribution. Hold the projectual upside down for several seconds before placing it on the magnet or magnets. Take care not to scratch the surface of the projectual by moving it across the magnets once it is in place.

Sketch the field for a single bar magnet in Figure 1.

Step 2: Arrange two bar magnets in a line with opposite poles facing each other. Leave about an inch between the poles. Use the iron filings to see the pattern of the magnetic field. Sketch the field for opposite poles in Figure 2.



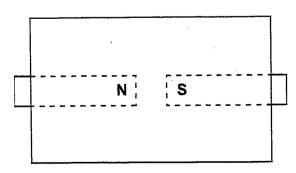
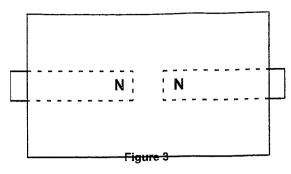
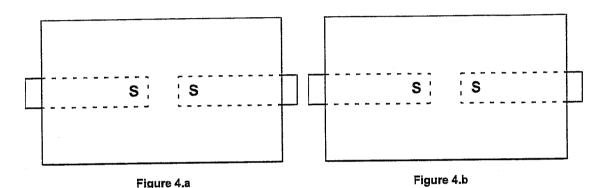


Figure 2

Step 3: Arrange two bar magnets in a line with north poles facing each other. Leave about an inch between the poles. Use the iron filings to reveal the magnetic field. Sketch the field for north poles in Figure 3.

Step 4: Predict the pattern for the magnetic field of two south poles facing each other as shown in Figure 4. Make a predictive sketch in Figure 4.a. After completing your prediction, arrange two bar magnets in a line with south poles facing each other. Leave about an inch between the poles. Use the iron filings to reveal the magnetic field. Sketch the field for south poles in Figure 4.b.





Step 5: Predict the pattern for the magnetic field of two bar magnets parallel to each other as shown in Figure 5. Make a sketch on Figure 5.a. After completing your prediction, arrange two bar magnets parallel to each other. Use the iron filings to reveal the magnetic field. Sketch the field for two magnets parallel to each other on Figure 5.b.

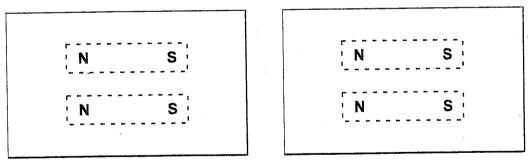
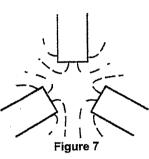


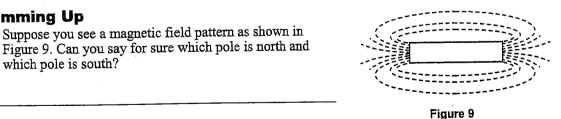
Figure 5.a Figure 5.b

Step 6: Predict the pattern for the magnetic field of two bar magnets anti-parallel to each other as shown in Figure 6. Make a sketch on Figure 6.a. After completing your prediction, arrange two bar magnets anti-parallel to each other. Use the iron filings to reveal the magnetic field. Sketch the field for two magnets parallel to each other on Figure 6.b.

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S N	S
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Step 7: Can you arrange three bar magnets to create the magnetic field shown in Figure 7? If so, how? Is there more than one way to do it? 1. Does this pattern show attraction or repulsion? Step 8: Can you arrange three bar magnets to create the magnetic field shown in Figure 8? If so, how? Is there more than one way to do it? Figure 8 2. Does this pattern show attraction or repulsion? Summing Up 1. Suppose you see a magnetic field pattern as shown in



2. Suppose you see a magnetic field pattern as shown in Figure 10. Can you say for sure which pole is north and which pole is south?

which pole is south?

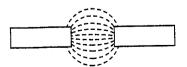


Figure 10

3.	Suppose you see a magnetic field pattern as Figure 11. If pole A is a north pole, what is	pole B?	АВВ
			Figure 11
4.	Suppose you see a magnetic field pattern as Figure 12. If pole C is a north pole, what is	pole D?	C
			Figure 12
5.	Suppose you see a magnetic field pattern as what are poles F, G, H, I, J, K, and L?		13. If pole E is a north pole,
	Figure 13		Н
	Pole E: North	Pole F:	
	Pole G:	Pole H:	
	Pole I:	Pole J:	
	Pole K:	Pole L:	
6.		er—is/are possibl	e using three bar magnets?
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	Figure 14.a	Figure 1	4.b. 71\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\